



Comprehensive, Integrated, Three-Tiered (Ci3T) Models of Prevention
Knowledge, Confidence, and Use Survey

INTRO

First Name

Last Name

School District:

- ☐ District 1
- ☐ District 2
- ☐ District 3

What is your primary school site where you are a Ci3T team member?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> School 1 | <input type="radio"/> School 11 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 2 | <input type="radio"/> School 12 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 3 | <input type="radio"/> School 13 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 4 | <input type="radio"/> School 14 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 5 | <input type="radio"/> School 15 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 6 | <input type="radio"/> School 16 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 7 | <input type="radio"/> School 17 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 8 | <input type="radio"/> School 18 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 9 | <input type="radio"/> School 19 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 10 | <input type="radio"/> School 20 |

Time Point:

Pre-Training Survey

☐

Post-Training Survey

☐

Follow-Up Survey

☐



KCU

Please rate the concepts and strategies listed below using the criteria provided. Decide how knowledgeable you are about each concept or strategy. Then rate how confident you are in your ability to use or implement each concept or strategy. Finally, rate how useful each concept or strategy is for you.

Knowledge:

- 0 - I have no knowledge of this concept or strategy.
- 1 - I have some knowledge of this concept or strategy.
- 2 - I have more than average knowledge of this concept or strategy.
- 3 - I have a substantial amount of knowledge about this concept or strategy.

Confidence:

- 0 - I am not confident in my ability to use or implement this concept or strategy.
- 1 - I am somewhat confident in my ability to use or implement this concept or strategy.
- 2 - I am more confident than most in my ability to use or implement this concept or strategy.
- 3 - I am very confident in my ability to use or implement this concept or strategy.

Useful:

- 0 - I do not view this concept or strategy as useful and/or relevant in my teaching.
- 1 - I view this concept or strategy as somewhat useful and/or relevant in my teaching.
- 2 - I view this concept or strategy as more useful than most other concepts or strategies.
- 3 - I view this concept or strategy as highly useful and/or relevant in my teaching.

Concept

	Knowledge				Confidence				Useful			
	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
1. A Comprehensive, Integrated, Three-Tiered Model of Prevention	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Knowledge				Confidence				Useful			
	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
3. Data-informed decision making	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. Behavior-specific praise	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. Systematic behavior screenings	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6. Treatment integrity	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7. Tertiary prevention	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3
8. Identifying students who are non-responsive	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9. Instructional approach to behavior	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10. Procedures for reinforcing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11. Secondary prevention	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12. Social validity	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13. Systematic academic screeners	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14. Primary prevention	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



KCU-MC

1) A comprehensive, integrated, three-tiered model of prevention

- ☐ Addressing students' academic, behavior, and social needs in an integrated fashion through 3 tiers of support of increasing intensity: primary, secondary, and tertiary.
- ☐ Meeting students' behavioral needs and providing tiered support - primary, secondary, and special education.
- ☐ Addressing students' academic, behavior, and social needs through strong primary prevention.
- ☐ Tool used to prevent students from being retained the following year.

2) Social validity

- ☐ The stakeholders' views of the procedures of an intervention.

- ☐ IDEA's position on the goals, procedures, and outcomes of the intervention as an appropriate school-based intervention.
- ☐ Extent to which the intervention is implemented as designed.
- ☐ The stakeholders' views of the goals, procedures, and outcomes of an intervention or practice; can predict the degree of implementation.

3) Tertiary prevention

- ☐ Intensive or individualized supports needed for about 3-5% of students; reserved for students with the most intensive academic, behavioral, or social skill needs.
- ☐ Supports requiring the most amount time and resources to design and/or implement. Examples include low intensive, teacher-directed strategies such as providing a student more opportunities to respond.
- ☐ Supports for students with significant needs in the domains of academics, behavior, and/or social skills.
- ☐ Supports for Tier 3 are designed for student in special education exclusively.

4) Treatment integrity

- ☐ The beliefs and values of all stakeholders implementing an intervention.
- ☐ The degree to which students like and know the school's Ci3T plan.
- ☐ The degree to which the intervention is implemented as planned.
- ☐ The degree to which teachers and administrators are using data to make instructional decisions.

5) Secondary prevention

- ☐ Secondary prevention efforts are low-intensity supports such as functional assessment-based interventions.
- ☐ Low-intensity supports for some (about 15%) such as self-monitoring, small group skill-specific reading or math instruction, check-in check-out, and behavior contracts.
- ☐ Secondary prevention interventions are for some students.
- ☐ Secondary prevention refers to practices at middle and high schools.

6) Systematic behavior screenings

- ☐ A procedure occurring in fall, winter, and spring each year to monitor risk using teacher-completed measures for students who have been present in school for at least 4-6 weeks prior to each screening considered by their teacher for indicators of risk.

- ☐ A procedure occurring at three time points each year to monitor risk: fall, winter, and spring. Screening data tell schools whether a child needs special education.
- ☐ A procedure occurring to monitor behavioral performance.
- ☐ A procedure used to measure the degree to which a student enjoys school.

7) Primary prevention

- ☐ Supports for students who are not in special education. Approximately 80% of the school's population will benefit from primary prevention.
- ☐ Primary prevention is a tool that assesses the success of the Ci3T plan.
- ☐ Proactive school programming in academic, behavioral, and social domains for all students just by the virtue of attending school.
- ☐ School programming for all students just by the virtue of attending school including high-quality academic expectations and programs.

8) Data-based decision making

- ☐ Making academic and behavior instructional decisions based on one source of data (e.g., behavior screenings).
- ☐ Using teacher nomination for instructional and behavioral decisions of needed intervention.
- ☐ Reviewing survey data on the Ci3T plan to access additional funding and support for implementation.
- ☐ Making academic and behavioral instructional decisions based on multiple sources of data (e.g., behavior screenings, office discipline referrals, GPA, attendance).

9) Positive behavior interventions and support

- ☐ Using tickets and rewards to bribe students to behave appropriately.
- ☐ Establishing a school-wide model of prevention with clear expectations, teaching behaviors across all school settings, reinforcing students for meeting expectations, and using data to monitor student progress – a clearly defined proactive response and discipline plan.
- ☐ Establishing a school-wide model of prevention with clear expectations, teaching behaviors across all school settings, and reinforcing students who go above and beyond expectations, and reinforcing students with a system that is individual to each teacher (e.g., tickets, pulling a card, marble jar).
- ☐ Establishing a model of prevention with clear expectations and reinforcement across all school settings.

10) Behavior-specific praise

- ☐ Greeting students with a “high-five” when they come in to the classroom. “Hey! Great to see you today!”
- ☐ Praising other students next to the target student for whom you are trying to prompt the expected behavior, then prompting the student if necessary.
- ☐ Telling the student that they are meeting an expectation.
- ☐ Pairing a positive praise statement to a student with the specific behavior regarding the expectation that was met. “Jeremy, thank you for working with your group to clean up after art; that shows respect for our classroom.”

11) Identifying non-responsive students

- ☐ Using teacher referrals to determine students who do not progress because they ignore instruction and teacher directions.
- ☐ Regularly evaluating data from measures that are sensitive to change to determine which students need additional instruction or supports to meet expectations.
- ☐ Using office referrals to determine students who are disruptive and shouldn’t be included in school-wide activities.
- ☐ Evaluating data from measures to determine which students need additional instruction or supports.

12) Instructional approach to behavior

- ☐ Sending information home on the behavioral expectations for students and asking parents to make sure their student knows those expectations.
- ☐ Having students tell the teacher what they did wrong when they do not behave as expected in class.
- ☐ Providing multiple examples and non-examples of appropriate behavior (e.g., reading stories about students who get in trouble.
- ☐ Teaching the school-wide expected behaviors using strategies similar to those used for academic instruction – lessons that teach the behavior directly and offer guided practice, feedback, and reinforcement.

13) Procedures for reinforcing

- ☐ Using multiple sources of data to make instructional decisions.
- ☐ For example, each week the principal randomly selects the name of a student to be featured in that week’s newsletter home to parents.

- ☐ Having clearly defined school-wide procedures for communicating to stakeholders that they are meeting the expected roles and responsibilities with fidelity.
- ☐ Giving all students who received good grades on their report cards PBIS tickets for being smart.

14) Systematic academic screeners

- ☐ Brief measures to assess student academic performance.
- ☐ Brief, validated measures that predict important learning outcomes.
- ☐ Efficient measures of student opinion about the quality of their reading and math instruction.
- ☐ Efficient, validated, sensitive measures with evidence to predict important learning outcomes administered to students who are identified as below grade level in reading or math.



Demographic Form

Thank you for completing the brief demographic form below to complete the Knowledge, Confidence, and Use Survey.



Name

First Name

Last Name

School district

- ☐ School district 1
- ☐ School district 2
- ☐ School district 3

What is your main school site? (select one)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> School 1 | <input type="radio"/> School 12 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 2 | <input type="radio"/> School 13 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 3 | <input type="radio"/> School 14 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 4 | <input type="radio"/> School 15 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 5 | <input type="radio"/> School 16 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 6 | <input type="radio"/> School 17 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 7 | <input type="radio"/> School 18 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 8 | <input type="radio"/> School 19 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 9 | <input type="radio"/> School 20 |
| <input type="radio"/> School 10 | <input type="radio"/> District office |
| <input type="radio"/> School 11 | |

My preferred pronoun is

- ☐ He / Him / His
- ☐ She / Her / Hers
- ☐ They / Them / Theirs
- ☐ Individually defined:
- ☐ Prefer not to answer

My age (as of my last birthday)

I am of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes

Please check all categories that best describe your race:

(check all that apply):

American Indian / Alaska
Native☐

Asian / Pacific Islander

☐

Black

☐

White

☐

Other (specify)

☐

Decline

☐**If you are a school employee:****How many years have you worked in education (including this year)?**

Include the current school year as one year (e.g., if this is your first year, type 1 instead of 0) and round to the nearest whole number.

Do you provide instruction to students (e.g., whole class, small group, 1:1)?☐ No☐ Yes**If you indicated you provide instruction to students, please check all grade(s) you currently work with:**

(check all that apply):

Early Childhood

☐

Pre-Kindergarten

☐

Kindergarten

☐

1

☐

2

☐

3

☐

4

☐

5

☐

(check all that apply):

- 6 ☐
- 7 ☐
- 8 ☐
- 9 ☐
- 10 ☐
- 11 ☐
- 12 ☐
- Mixed grade class (please specify) ☐

What is your primary role in your school?

Role:

Related Service Provider
subcategory (if applicable)

Briefly describe your primary role in your school:

If you are a teacher, are you certified in the areas / subjects you currently teach?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes
- ☐ I am not a teacher

What is the highest degree you have earned (select one)?

- ☐ High school diploma
- ☐ Associate's degree / technical
- ☐ Bachelor's degree
- ☐ Master's degree
- ☐ Master's degree +30
- ☐ Doctoral, Educational Specialist, J.D. degree

Have you had a course in **classroom management**?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes

Have you had a professional development or other training in **academic screenings**?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes

Have you had a professional development or other training in **behavior screenings**?

- ☐ No
- ☐ Yes

On a scale from 1 – 5, what is your current level of familiarity with Comprehensive, Integrated, Three-Tiered (Ci3T) Models of Prevention?

Not at all familiar (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Very familiar (5)
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

On a scale from 1 – 5, to what extent have you accessed the following professional learning materials related to Comprehensive, Integrated, Three-Tiered (Ci3T) Models of Prevention?

	Not at all (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	A great deal (5)
ci3t.org	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Other websites (e.g., pbis.org, individual school websites, state websites)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Ci3T interactive eBook	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
District-provided Ci3T professional learning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

	Not at all (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	A great deal (5)
Ci3T research staff-led professional learning (e.g., EMPOWER sessions)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Ci3T - Knowledge, Confidence, and Use Survey

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