

**Empowering Teachers with Low-Intensity Strategies to Support Instruction II**  
**Direct Observation – Check for Understanding**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructional Choice Overview**  
**Check for Understanding**

Score: \_\_\_\_\_ / 15 = \_\_\_\_\_%

- 1) When can we change behavioral definitions?
  - a. It can only be changed twice during each study.
  - b. It must be kept consistent across all phases of the intervention (baseline, intervention, follow-up).
  - c. It can be changed each day if the research assistant or teacher think it is necessary.
  - d. It can be changed at the end of a phase (i.e., between baseline and intervention).
  
- 2) When will direct observation data be collected?
  - a. All day during the course of the intervention.
  - b. At various times throughout the day.
  - c. During the same time/ activity each day.
  - d. Whenever the observer can complete an observation.
  
- 3) Which of the following is an example of **AAE**? When a student...
  - a. Is listening to their teacher.
  - b. Doodles on their math worksheet.
  - c. Is writing a response to an essay prompt.
  - d. Is silently reading a page from their textbook.
  
- 4) A student who is talking about nonacademic tasks with peers is engaging in off-task (**OFF**) behavior.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
- 5) A student can be AAE and PAE at the same time.
  - a. True
  - b. False
  
- 6) For a student to be marked as AAE using momentary time sampling,
  - a. They have to be actively engaged for the entire interval.
  - b. They have to be actively engaged for most of the interval.
  - c. They have to be actively engaged at the moment the timer/MotivAider signals the recorder.
  - d. They have to have completed their assignment.
  
- 7) What is the minimum amount of time that IOA can be computed in each phase:
  - a. 15%
  - b. 25%
  - c. 35%
  - d. 45%

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- 8) If I am collecting IOA with a partner, it is important for us to begin our timers at the same time.
- True
  - False
- 9) To compute IOA for momentary time sampling, you:
- Divide the number of agreements by the total number of intervals observed and multiple by 100.
  - Divide the smaller number of AET intervals by the larger number of AET intervals and multiple by 100.
  - As long as you have less than 3 disagreements, you don't have to calculate IOA.
  - Your PI will calculate IOA for you.
- 10) Momentary time sampling data will be collected for intervals of how many minutes?
- 1
  - 2
  - 3
  - 4
- 11) Which of the following is an indication of a good behavioral definition?
- Passes the "Stranger" Test
  - Measurable
  - Observable
  - All of the above
- 12) Momentary time sampling is a measurement system ideal for recording behaviors under which of the following conditions?
- Behaviors lasting longer in duration
  - Behaviors occurring at moderate frequency
  - Behaviors that occur infrequently
  - A and B
- 13) Select the statement that best describes *interobserver agreement*:
- The stakeholders' views of the goals, procedures, and outcomes of the intervention.
  - The degree to which the intervention is implemented as designed.
  - The degree to which two observers are observing the same behavior during an observation time period.
- 14) When collecting interobserver agreement data, it is okay to consult with the other observer during the observation.
- True
  - False
- 15) Direct observation data can be used for...
- Formative Assessment
  - Summative Assessment
  - To measure the impact of an intervention on student behavior in the classroom
  - All of the Above